September 23, 2010

Mr. James Mu Assistant General Counsel Texas Department of Criminal Justice P.O. Box 4004 Huntsville, Texas 77342-4004

OR2010-14490

Dear Mr. Mu:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 394325.

The Texas Department of Criminal Justice (the "department") received a request for information pertaining to a specified equal employment opportunity complaint. You state that some of the requested information either has been or will be released. You claim that the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.107 and 552.122 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the information you submitted.

Section 552.107(1) of the Government Code protects information that comes within the attorney-client privilege. When asserting the attorney-client privilege, a governmental body has the burden of providing the necessary facts to demonstrate the elements of the privilege in order to withhold the information at issue. See Open Records Decision No. 676 at 6-7 (2002). First, a governmental body must demonstrate that the information constitutes or documents a communication. Id. at 7. Second, the communication must have been made "for the purpose of facilitating the rendition of professional legal services" to the client governmental body. See Tex. R. Evid. 503(b)(1). The privilege does not apply when an attorney or representative is involved in some capacity other than that of providing or facilitating professional legal services to the client governmental body. See In re Tex. Farmers Ins. Exch., 990 S.W.2d 337, 340 (Tex. App.—Texarkana 1999, orig. proceeding) (attorney-client privilege does not apply if attorney acting in capacity other than that of

attorney). Governmental attorneys often act in capacities other than that of professional legal counsel, such as administrators, investigators, or managers. Thus, the mere fact that a communication involves an attorney for the government does not demonstrate this element. Third, the privilege applies only to communications between or among clients, client representatives, lawyers, and lawyer representatives. See TEX. R. EVID. 503(b)(1)(A), (B), (C), (D), (E). Thus, a governmental body must inform this office of the identities and capacities of the individuals to whom each communication at issue has been made. Lastly, the attorney-client privilege applies only to a confidential communication, id. 503(b)(1), meaning it was "not intended to be disclosed to third persons other than those to whom disclosure is made in furtherance of the rendition of professional legal services to the client or those reasonably necessary for the transmission of the communication." Id. 503(a)(5). Whether a communication meets this definition depends on the intent of the parties involved at the time the information was communicated. See Osborne v. Johnson, 954 S.W.2d 180, 184 (Tex. App.—Waco 1997, no pet.). Moreover, because the client may elect to waive the privilege at any time, a governmental body must explain that the confidentiality of a communication has been maintained. Section 552.107(1) generally excepts an entire communication that is demonstrated to be protected by the attorney-client privilege unless otherwise waived by the governmental body. See Huie v. DeShazo, 922 S.W.2d 920, 923 (Tex. 1996) (privilege extends to entire communication, including facts contained therein).

You have marked the information the department seeks to withhold under section 552.107(1). You contend that the marked information constitutes an attorney-client communication that was made in connection with the rendition of professional legal services to the department. You indicate that the communication was intended to be and remains confidential. Based on your representations and our review of the information at issue, we conclude that the department may withhold the marked information under section 552.107(1) of the Government Code.

Section 552.122 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "a test item developed by a . . . governmental body[.]" Gov't Code § 552.122(b). In Open Records Decision No. 626 (1994), this office determined that the term "test item" in section 552.122 includes "any standard means by which an individual's or group's knowledge or ability in a particular area is evaluated," but does not encompass evaluations of an employee's overall job performance or suitability. *Id.* at 6. The question of whether specific information falls within the scope of section 552.122(b) must be determined on a case-by-case basis. *Id.* Traditionally, this office has applied section 552.122 where release of "test items" might compromise the effectiveness of future examinations. *Id.* at 4-5; *see also* Open Records Decision No. 118 (1976). Section 552.122 also protects the answers to test questions when the answers might reveal the questions themselves. *See* Attorney General Opinion JM-640 at 3 (1987); ORD 626 at 8.

You seek to withhold the submitted interview questions and answers under section 552.122. You contend that the interview questions measure the knowledge or ability of an applicant

for the position of Industrial Specialist VI. Having considered your arguments and reviewed the information at issue, we find that the submitted interview questions are general in nature and do not test any specialized knowledge of the applicants. We therefore conclude that the submitted interview questions and answers do not constitute test items, for purposes of section 552.122(b), and may not be withheld under section 552.122 of the Government Code.

We note that some of the submitted interview documentation forms contain social security numbers. Section 552.117(a)(3) of the Government Code excepts from disclosure the home address and telephone number, social security number, and family member information of a current or former employee of the department or of the predecessor in function of the department or any division of the department, regardless of whether the current or former employee complies with section 552.1175 of the Government Code. In Open Records Letter No. 2005-01067 (2005), we issued a previous determination that authorizes the department to withhold information under section 552.117(a)(3) without the necessity of requesting a decision from this office under the Act. See Gov't Code § 552.301(a); Open Records Decision No. 673 at 7-8 (2001). To the extent the submitted social security numbers pertain to current or former employees of the department, they must be withheld under section 552.117(a)(3) of the Government Code.

In summary: (1) the marked attorney-client communication may be withheld under section 552.107(1) of the Government Code; and (2) the social security numbers must be withheld under section 552.117(a)(3) of the Government Code to the extent they pertain to current or former employees of the department.² The rest of the submitted information must be released.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/index_orl.php, or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public

^{&#}x27;This office will raise section 552.117 on behalf of a governmental body, as this exception is mandatory and may not be waived. *See* Gov't Code §§ 552.007, .352; Open Records Decision No. 674 at 3 n.4 (2001) (mandatory exceptions).

²To the extent that the social security numbers do not pertain to current or former employees of the department, we note that section 552.147(b) of the Government Code authorizes a governmental body to redact a living person's social security number from public release without the necessity of requesting a decision from this office under the Act.

information under the Act must be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,

James W. Morris, III Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

JWM/em

Ref: ID# 394325

Enc: Submitted documents

c: Requestor

(w/o enclosures)